



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

delivered by its author before a class of non-matriculants. The introductory lectures are devoted to a study of the nature of law, and the subsequent ones to the divisions and subdivisions into which law is usually divided. The author reveals a breadth of knowledge that forms a rich back-ground to the terse but clear statements which characterize each lecture. It is an excellent book on elementary law.

The American Digest (Annual, 1894) September 1, 1893 to August 31, 1894. Prepared by the Editorial Staff of the National Reporter System. West Publishing Co., St. Paul. October, 1894.

This huge volume of 5431 pages, contains a digest of the decisions of the principal courts of this country, together with notes of English and Canadian cases. The decisions are arranged under topics and sub-topics, and by an elaborate system of general and specific cross references, one may turn in a moment to the particular paragraph of a decision, for which he is seeking. At the end of the volume is a valuable table of cases that have been overruled, criticised, followed and distinguished during the year. The task of preparing this work must be herculean, and the West Publishing Co. deserve the congratulations and thanks of the profession on the thoroughness with which it is performed, and the promptness with which it is issued. The volume is printed in clear type and bound substantially, and is capable of resisting the severe handling it is sure to receive.

Principles of the Law of Real Property. By the late Joshua Williams. The 17th Edition, Rearranged and Partly Re-written by his son, T. Cyprian Williams. With American Notes by Harry B. Hutchins, Professor of Law in Cornell University. Law sheep, lii. + 813 pages. Price, \$4.00 net. Boston: The Boston Book Co., 1894.

Very few books of an elementary character, treating a single subject of law, have stood so successfully the test of time as Joshua Williams' work on Real Property. The first edition appeared a half-century ago and was immediately recognized as a scholarly and masterly treatment of the subject. The author, by taking a mean course between elaborate detail and a bare statement of principle, produced a work that was readable and intelligible to students possessing no previous knowledge of law. His presentation of the logical and historical development of the law on this subject did much to free the mind of the erroneous, but quite prevalent opinion that the law of real property was simply a compilation of technical, arbitrary and unreasonable rules. This